Hon. John C. Adams.

WESTERN CAROLINIAN.

VOL. V.] SALISBURY, N. C. TUESDAY, JULY 13, 1824. [NO. 214.

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No paper discontinued, (except at the option of the Editor) until all arrearages are paid.

Advertisements will be inserted at fifty cents per square for the first insertion, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent one.

All letters addressed to the Editor, must be *post-paid*, or they will not be attended to.

Private Entertainment.

THE subscriber has opened a house of Private Entertainment; where Travellers can be accommodated. He promises all who call on him, good treatment, with a plenty of the best to eat and drink.

'13 H. B. SATTERWHITE.

Wilkesborough, June 26th, 1824.

House and Lot, in Charlotte.

FOR sale, on accommodating terms, the house and lot in the town of Charlotte, which adjoins Mr. John Irwin's store, on the north corner. Apply to JAMES TORRENCE.

Charlotte, May 7, 1824. '7

Bar Iron and Castings.

THE undersigned has for sale, at his Furnace, a complete assortment of *Bar Iron and Castings*; which he will barter for such country produce as wanted, on the same terms as heretofore. When cash is paid to the amount of five dollars, or upwards, a discount of one-fifth will be made on such payment.

JOSEPH GRAHAM.

Vesuvius Furnace, June 15, 1824. 4it15

To Journeymen Shoemakers.

I WISH to employ a few Journeymen Shoemakers, immediately; good wages and steady employment will be given.

ASA THOMPSON.

Concord, May 24, 1824. '00

Store-House at Mocksville,

TO RENT.

THE subscriber wishes to rent the following property, during one year, or for a term of years, to wit: A lot at Mocksville, Rowan county, on which a spacious store-house, with a good cellar, and a large two-story house, divided into convenient and useful apartments, are erected.

Mocksville is near about in the centre of that section of Rowan, known as the Forks. As that part of country, both as to fertility of soil and population, is not inferior to any, a profitable result might be anticipated from a mercantile establishment at that place. Gentlemen in that business, and wishing a situation, are invited to call and view the premises, and judge for themselves. ELIZABETH M. PEARSON.

Mocksville, May 22, 1824. '09

A List of Letter

NOW remaining in the Post Office at Salisbury, N. Carolina, June 30th, A. D. 1824.

Locke Atwell	Clemial Johnson
Jacob Adams	J. K. Jarrett
Margaret Allison.	Samuel B. Josey
Thos. Bracking	Rufus Johnson
Henry C. Burke	Thomas Jones.
Adam Beck	Thomas Kent
John Bird	James Kincaid
Alexander Brandon	Isaac Knight
Lemuel Ball.	John Kesler.
John Carter	Elizabeth Lemley, 2
Ely Carrol	James Lowry
Judy C. Chapman	William Link
Joseph Castlow	John Low.
Clerk of County Court	Robert Moore
Thos. & H. Cowan	John M'Lanan, 2
Conrad Casper	George Murr
Charles Churchell	Haynes Morgan
Erastus Case	John M'Rae
Wilie Coats	John Martin
Mary Crider	William Montgomery
John Craver	Joseph Mason
Frederick Cope	Dunkin Magill
John Campbell	Alexander Madder
Alex. Cunningham	Wilim M'Cargo
Daniel Clodfelter	John Mengelberg
Jarrad Coggins.	Wilim Moore
Douglas Duden.	Timothy Milbourn
Henry Ellis	Elija Marlin
James Eaton	John Martin.
Mary Everette	Williby Nichols.
Frederick Eller	Nancy Owen
William Edrith	William Othrish.
Phillip Eagle	Jacob Pool
John Eagle	Enoch Phillips.
James Ellis.	Catharine Randleman
Mary Froheck	Nathan Riley
Freeland Lodge	John Reed
William Fultz	L. R. Rose
G. L. Freeman.	John Randleman.
James Grimes	Henry Sossaman
Wm. Glascock	Nathaniel Smith
Charles Griffeth	James Steward
Jesse Gillehan	James Smith
Charles Glover	Andrew Snider
George Goodman	Wm. P. Stogdon
H. Giles, Clerk of the Superior Court, 2.	Wm. H. Steelman
	Epps Spain
John Holmes	Edward Southard
Williamson Harris	Robert Spence
Alfred Harris	James Stafford
Mary Hatch	Wm. Stokes
Charles W. Harris	Rachael Smith
John Hendly	Henry Sloan
Hannah Hill	Wm. Stephenson
James H. Hendricks	Elisha Simms
[illegible] Harvy.	George Smithcel
Doctor Handsford	Henry Lechler
Douglas P. Haden, 2	Henry Stirewalt.
Ruth Harris	Mary A. Townsend
Henry Hill	Susan M. Thurman
George Hearn	Christian Tarr.
John Hughes	Wood & Krider
John Harris	Alfred Wood
Math. Howard	Absalom Wall
John Howard	Nathan Wells
Samuel Hughey.	Richmond Wall
Philip Jacobs	Ely W. Ward
J. H. Joyce	Robert White
John Jones	Peter Walton.

SAMUEL REEVES, *P. M.*

Entry-Taker's Warrants
For sale at this Office.

BY AUTHORITY.

An Act to improve the navigation of the Ohio river.

BE it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause the navigation of the Ohio river to be improved over the following sand bars, or either of them, at his discretion, to wit: the sand bar which crosses said river, one mile and a quarter below Flint Island; the sand bar two miles above French Island; the bar just below Henderson; the bar below Strait Island; the bar below Willow island, in the Mississippi bend; and the bar opposite to lower Smithland, below Cumberland Island; and, for the purpose of ascertaining and directing the best method of carrying provisions of this act into effect, he may employ any of the engineers in the public service which he may deem proper; *Provided nevertheless*, That two experiments shall first be made upon two of the said bars, and if in his judgment they shall be successful, then, and not otherwise, he is hereby, authorized to cause improvements to be made upon the remaining bars.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That, for the purpose of improving the navigation of the Mississippi river, from the mouth of the Missouri to New Orleans, and of the Ohio river from Pittsburg to its junction with the Mississippi, the President of the United States is hereby authorized to take prompt and effectual measures for the removal of all trees which may be fixed in the bed of said river; and for this purpose, he is authorized to procure and provide, in that way which in his discretion may be most eligible, the requisite water craft, machinery, implements, and force, to raise all such trees, commonly call "planters, sawyers or snags," as may be found in the current of the said rivers at the lowest stage of water, and to saw or cut them off, as near as practicable to the bottom of the stream; and where trees are found upon sand bars, upon the points of islands, or near the bank of the river, which may, at the lowest stage of the water, endanger the safety of navigating said river, they shall in like manner be cut, removed, or sawed off; and all roots or limbs, belonging to those parts of said trees, which are fastened in the earth, shall be carefully cut away.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That, for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act, the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars be, and is hereby, appropriated. And the President of the United States is hereby authorized to draw, from time to time, on the Treasury, for such parts, or at any one time for the whole, of said sum, as he shall judge the service requires; which said sum shall be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the President be, and he is hereby, requested to cause to be laid before Congress, as soon as convenience will permit after the commencement of each session, a statement of the proceedings under this act, Congress may be enabled to adopt such further measures as may, from time to time, be necessary, under existing circumstances.

H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN GAILLARD,
President of the Senate, pro tempore.

Washington, May 24, 1824.
Approved: JAMES MONROE.

AN act providing for a grant of land for the Seat of Government in the Territory of Frorida, [Florida,] and for other purposes.

BE it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That there shall be, and hereby is, granted to the territory of Florida, one entire quarter section of land, or fractional section, not exceeding in quantity one quarter section, for the seat of government in that territory, to be located previously to the sale of the adjacent lands, under the authority of the Governor thereof, at the point selected for the permanent seat of government for said territory.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the Governor and Legislative Council of the Territory aforesaid, or a majority thereof, be, and they are hereby, authorized to adopt such measures as to them may seem expedient for the sale of said tract of land, or any part thereof, for the purpose of raising a fund for the erecting of public buildings at said seat of government.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That there shall be, and hereby are, reserved from sale, three entire quarter sections of lands of the United States, lying contiguous to, and adjoining, the quarter section granted by the first section of this act, to be located by the Governor of said Territory.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That so much of the seventh section of the act of Congress of the 3d of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, entitled "An act amending and supplementary to the act, entitled 'An act to provide for the survey and disposal of the public lands in Florida,'" as prevents the appointment of a surveyor for Florida, until the commissioners shall have decided and reported on the private claims in said territory, be, and the same is hereby, repealed; and the Eastern and Western land districts in said territory shall be divided and separated by the Suwaney river, and not by the ancient line of division between the provinces of East and West Florida, as prescribed by the eighth section of the act aforesaid.

Approved: *Washington, May 4, 1824.*

AN act granting to the Corporation of Tuskaloosa certain lots, and privileges over the reservations and commons in said town.

BE it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the right and title of the United States to the public streets, and to certain lots in the town of Tuskaloosa, set apart for the public uses, and designated in the plan of said town, by the names of the "Court Square," the "Market Square," the Jail Lot," the "Spring," the "Church," and the "Burial Ground," be, and the same is hereby, vested the Corporation of said town forever: And, also, all the right of the United States to that tract, between the lots and the river Tuskaloosa, called the "River Margin," and of that called the "Pond;" and, also, of that called "the Common," on condition, however, that the Corporation shall not lease or sell any portion of the last mentioned tracts; but, that the same shall be appropriated to the purposes for which they were designated and set apart, as well for the benefit of the inhabitants of said town, as for that of those resorting to, or visiting the same, and in case the same, or any part thereof, be applied to any other purpose, that it revert to the United States.

Approved: *Washington, May 26, 1824.*

AN act concerning Invalid pensioners.

BE it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place the following named persons on the pension list of invalid pensioners, of the U. States, who shall be entitled to, and receive, pensions according to the rates, and commencing at the times, hereinafter mentioned, that is to say:

Andrew Gorril, at the rate of eight dollars per month; to commence on the third day of December, one thousand eight hundred and twenty one.

James Wilson, at the rate of four dollars per month; to commence the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three.

William Parker, Rock, and Thomas, three Seneca Indians, residing at Buffalo, in the state of New York, at the rate of four dollars per month, each; to commence the first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three.

Approved: *Washington, May 19, 1824.*

AN act declaring the consent of Congress to certain Acts of the State of Alabama.

BE it enacted by the Senate and house of representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress be, and hereby is, granted to the operation of an Act of the General Assembly of the State of Alabama, passed on the thirteenth of December, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, entitled "An act to improve the navigation of the Coosa river, and to aid in its connexion with the Tennessee waters; and, also, to an Act passed on the thirty-first of December, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, entitled "An act to improve the navigation of the Tennessee river."

Approved: *Washington, May 13, 1824.*

AN act to enable the president to hold treaties with certain Indian tribes, and for other purposes.

BE it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the sum of ten thousand dollars be, and the same hereby is, appropriated, to defray the expenses of making treaties of trade and friendship with the Indians tribes beyond the Mississippi; and that the said sum shall be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That for the purpose of negociating said Treaties, on the part of the United States, the President shall be, and he hereby is, authorized to appoint suitable persons for commissioners, and to fix their compensation, so as not to exceed what has been heretofore allowed for like services.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the President shall be, and hereby is, authorized to appoint two sub-agents to be employed among the Indian tribes, on the waters of the Upper Missouri, whose annual salary shall be eight hundred dollars each, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of Indian agents to designate, from time to time, certain convenient and suitable places for carrying on trade with the different Indian traders, and to require all traders to trade at the places thus designated, and at no other place or places.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the Superintendant of Indian Affairs at St. Louis, and his successors in office, shall possess all the powers, and be subject to all duties of Governors of Territories when exercising office of superintendants of Indian Affairs, and shall exercise a general supervision of the official conduct and accounts of Indian Agents, within his superintendancy.

Sec. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the sum of ten thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to enable the President of the United States to furnish a competent military escort to the Commissioners authorized to be appointed by this act, if, in his opinion, the same shall be necessary.

Approved: *Washington, May 25, 1824.*

AN act to authorize the creation of a stock to an amount not exceeding five millions of dollars, to provide for the awards of the Commissioners under the Treaty with Spain, of the twenty-second of February one thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

BE it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That, for the purpose of providing funds to discharge the awards of the Commissioners under the Treaty with Spain, of the twenty-second day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and nineteen the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, with the approbation of the President of the United States, to cause to be issued and sold to the Bank of the United States, or others, at a sum not less than the par value thereof, certificates of stock of the United States, to any amount not exceeding the sum of five millions of dollars, and bearing an interest of not exceeding four and one half per centum per annum, from the period of the sale thereof; which stock, so created, shall be redeemable at the pleasure of the United States, at any time after the first day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred thirty-two. And, upon the sale of such stock, in manner aforesaid, credit or credits to the proprietors thereof, shall thereupon be entered and given on the books of the Treasury, in like manner as for the present funded debt; which said credits or stock shall thereafter be transferred as other public stock of the United States.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the moneys which may be received from the issuing and sale of the aforesaid certificates of stock, shall, and the same are hereby, directed to be applied to the payment and discharge of the awards of the Commissioners under the Treaty with Spain, of the twenty-second day of February, in the year eighteen hundred and nineteen. *Provided also*, That, in all cases where the person or persons, in whose name, or for whose benefit and interest, the aforesaid awards shall be made, shall be in debt and in arrears to the United States, the Secretary of the Treasury shall retain the same out of the amount of the aforesaid awards, in the first instance, and a warrant or certificate, as the case may be, shall only issue for the balance.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That a sum, equal to what will be necessary to pay the interest which may accrue on the said stock, to the end of the present year, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for that purpose, to be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

Washington: Approved May 24, 1824.

RESOLUTIONS providing a place of disposite for the Portrait of Columbus, and directing the distribution of certain copies of the Declaration of Independence, now in the Department of state.

BE it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the Portrait of Columbus, presented to the nation by G. G. Barrell, United States' Consul at Malaga, be placed in the Library of Congress.

Resolved, That the two hundred copies of the Declaration of Independence now in the Department of State, be distributed in manner following: two copies to each of the surviving Signers of the Declaration of Independence; two copies to the President of the United States; two copies to the Vice President of the United States; two copies to the late President, Mr. Madison; two copies to the Marquis de Lafayette; twenty copies for the two Houses of Congress; twelve copies for the different Departments of the Government; two copies for President's House; two copies for the Supreme Court Room; one copy to each of the Governors of the States; and one to each branch of the Legislatures of the States; one copy to each of the Governors of the Territory of the United States, and one copy to the Legislative Council of each Territory; and remaining copies to the different Universities and Colleges of the United States, as the President of the United States may direct.

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause the distribution of the said copies of the Declaration of Independence to be made, agreeably to the foregoing resolution.

Approved: *Washington, May 26, 1824.*

AN act to authorize the President of the United States to enter into certain negotiations relative to lands located under Virginia Military Land Warrants, lying between Ludlow's and Robert's lines in the State of Ohio.

BE it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the President of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to ascertain the number of acres, and, by appraisement, or otherwise, the value thereof, exclusive of improvements, of all such land lying between Ludlow's and Robert's lines, in the state of Ohio, as may, agreeably to the principles of a decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, in the case of Doddridge's lessee, against Thompson and Wright, be held by persons under Virginia military warrants, and on what terms the holders will relinquish the same to the United States, and that he report the facts at the commencement of the next session of Congress.

Approved: *Washington, May 26, 1824.*

The Militia Laws,

REVISED and published this year, under the direction of the Adjutant General, and comprising all the laws passed by the General Assembly relative to the militia, up to this date, for sale at the office of the Western Carolinian.

POLITICAL.

Mr. Crawford is now, and has been for nine months, incapable of attending to the duties of his Department. During all this time, a state of things wholly illegal has existed in the management of the Treasury Department. A *fac simile* has been made to perform the functions of the Secretary! The whole of the public revenue is under the control of this *fac simile*!!—the use of which is against law, and the usage of the government. The people may rely on the facts which we state.—*Washington Republican.*

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TREASURY LOANS.

The Constitution provides that no money shall be drawn out of the Treasury, but by an appropriation by law. In violation of this sacred provision, the Secretary of the Treasury has been, it now appears, in the constant habit of making loans for the accommodation of banks, and, it is strongly believed, to individuals. The extent of his loans is not known. It is an awful power to be used at the discretion of an officer of the government. It is a power which no British Minister would, under any circumstances, dare to exercise. *ib.*

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We publish to-day the Report of the Committee of the House of Representatives, appointed to investigate the charges preferred by Mr. EDWARDS against the Secretary of the Treasury.

It is no part of our purpose, as friends of the Administration, or Mr. Secretary CRAWFORD, as a Member of it, to exult in this Report, as a triumph over the machinations of his enemies. It is from what was confidently expected from the Committee, but rather something less, merely because the Committee have left a part of their conclusions to be inferred from the evidence, instead of directly stating them. *Nat. Intell.*

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The Select Committee, to whom was referred the Memorial, or Address of Ninian Edwards, having, in obedience to the resolution of the House of Representatives, of the 26th May, continued to hold its sittings, after the adjournment of the House until the 21st June, have agreed to the following

REPORT:

In recommending, in the former report, a continuance of the existence and powers of the Committee, it will be remembered that the reason given for that recommendation was the obvious propriety, before the final close of the investigation, of having the personal presence and examination of the author of the Address, which had occasioned the appointment of the Committee. Such an examination has now been had. Mr. Edwards attended the Committee, in obedience to its summons, on the 7th June; has been examined as a witness, by its direction, cross-examined by a gentleman attending in behalf of the Secretary of the Treasury, and his testimony, together with that of the other witnesses, is communicated with this report; as are, also, various documents and papers which have been referred to and produced, in the course of the examination. A paper, in reply to the communication heretofore received by the Committee from the Secretary, and another in the nature of an argument on the whole case, have also been presented by Mr. Edwards, and considered by the Committee.

The evidence has run into much detail, and some parts of it, probably, have not a very material application to the main subject of the inquiry. It seemed proper, however, to the Committee, to allow to those concerned a liberal indulgence in this respect.

After a patient attention to all the evidence, and to whatever has been urged in the way of reasoning on the case, the Committee see no cause to change or modify, in any material respect, the results to which they came on the former investigation, and which they have already submitted to the House. On the contrary, they find, in this further and fuller examination, a corroboration, generally speaking, of the opinions which they have heretofore expressed.

On some parts of the inquiry, indeed, evidence has now been produced to points which were not, individually and particularly, taken into the consideration of the committee on the former occasion. To these, perhaps, some reference ought now to be made. They may be considered as new articles, or new specifications of charge; and, although not very definitely, or formally made, yet as evidence has been taken, intended to support them, they became subjects of consideration.

One of these respects the deposites of public money, made or allowed by the Secretary, in the Banks of this District, at the instance, and on the solicitation of the Banks themselves, and as an accommodation to them, at a time of considerable pecuniary pressure, in 1819.

In their former report, the Committee expressed their opinion in relation to deposites of this nature; and referred to a public communication of the Secretary, in which the facts were avowed, and in which a practice, of the like character, was stated to have been of early existence and long continuance. The Committee did not deem it necessary to call for proof of that which was admitted; and as it was of opinion that the practice itself was irregular and dangerous, it did not think it material to inquire, particularly, whether, in the only case in which loss was apprehended from this cause, the probability of such loss was either greater or less than the Secretary had supposed. This apprehended loss is in the case of the Franklin Bank of Alexandria.

In the letter of the Secretary to the President of the Senate, of the 25th February, 1823, he says, in regard to this Bank, that a letter of the District Attorney, therewith communicated, shewed that there was no danger of loss to the United States.

The evidence now offered and received, tends to shew that there is a probability of final loss from this bank; but, in other respects, there is no new view of the case presented.

The debt due to the government from the Bank of Vincennes, has also been brought forward, and made the subject of inquiry and proof. Nothing distinguishing this case from those of other western banks, in which the public money had been deposited, and in regard to which loss had happened, or was expected, had attracted the attention of the Committee as important to be considered, at the time of their former report. The case of this Bank had been previously made the subject of a report to the House by the Secretary, on the 21st February, 1823, in answer to a resolution passed on the 31st January preceding, in which a statement of the debt, and the means which had been taken and used to secure it, were laid before Congress. The evidence now taken, relates principally, as in the preceding case, to the amount of the loss which may be expected to be incurred.

The only remaining charge which may be regarded as not before examined, is an allegation, or intimation, that, owing to the fault of the Secretary, the pensioners and public creditors of the government in East Tennessee, were, in some instances, paid in bank paper not equivalent to specie.

The circumstances attending this transaction, seem to be fully stated in the testimony of Hugh L. White.

It does not appear that any knowledge of these payments having been made in depreciated paper, was communicated to the Secretary. The measures adopted by him for the reasonable provision of a proper fund at the place of disbursement, were, as far as the Committee can judge, suitable and judicious. He had a right to expect the payment to be made in specie, or its equivalent; or at least to be informed if any thing should happen to prevent such payment. No information was given to him of any disappointment of his expectation in this respect, by those whose duty it was to pay; and no complaint appears to have been preferred by those whose right it was to receive.

In regard to the contested letter of Benjamin Stephenson, of the 12th of October, 1819, the Committee see no cause to change the opinion which was entertained, and which they intended to express in their former report, that although the letter was written, as stated by Mr. Edwards in his testimony, there was no evidence that Mr. Stephenson communicated or transmitted it to the Secretary of the Treasury.

The Committee do not deem it necessary to extend their report by protracted observations on the various parts of the evidence, as the whole is submitted to the House. They content themselves with saying, that, in their opinion, nothing has been proved to impeach the integrity of the Secretary, or to bring into doubt the general correctness and ability of his administration of the public finances.

To this point, as the main object of inquiry, the chief attention of the committee has been directed; and they have come to the result which has now been stated, with the unanimous concurrence of the members present.

Other points there are, of less importance, but which may, nevertheless, be supposed not to have escaped consideration by the Committee.

These, however, under all the circumstances, they have thought it proper to leave without observation, in the light in which they are placed by the evidence.

LATE FROM EUROPE.

NEW-YORK, JUNE 24.

The ship Euphrates, Captain Sprague, has arrived from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 23d of May.

The most prominent matters that engage our attention are the various accounts of an attempt to bring about a revolution in Portugal.

It appears that the Queen and the Infant Don Miguel intended to deprive the King of his royal authority, and the latter, who is commander in chief of the army, was to have been declared Regent on the 29th May.

As late as the 15th of May, universal distrust prevailed. Don Miguel still had command of the troops—the prisons were crowded, and the arrested persons dispatched in squads to the country, to make room for successions of prisoners; that the Minister Subserra (Pamplona) had taken refuge on board the British frigate Lively; and that the king's person was considered in so much danger, as to make it necessary to prepare the ship Windsor Castle for his reception in the hour of need! The King, it appears, has not been actually deposed by his son and wife; but yet he has been obliged to issue proclamations, approving of their acts, and condemning to punishment those whom they had condemned. Our journal contains a proclamation of that nature. It is dated on the 4th instant. In this, his Majesty is made to say, that the Prince was "under the necessity of having recourse to 'arms, and that the danger of the crisis would not allow [illegible] to consult his father." A dangerous concession this, we should think.

DEATH OF LORD BYRON.

London May 15.—A courier arrived in town yesterday morning with the distressing intelligence of the decease of Lord Byron at Missolonghi, on 19th April, after an illness of ten days. A cold, attended with inflamation, was the cause of the first result. Lord Sidney Osborn's letters from Corfu are dated the 27th of April. His Lordship was about to proceed to Zante, where the body had arrived.

Lord Byron had perfectly recovered from his illness in February, which was of quite a different nature from that under which he died.

The Greeks have requested and obtained the heart of Lord Byron, which will be placed in a mausoleum, in that country, the liberation of which was his last wish. His body will be brought to England.

The Ex-Emperor of Mexico, ITURBIDE, sailed from Southampton, for Mexico, on the 11th of May, in an armed vessel, accompanied by a staff of 14 persons, and by his wife and two infant children.

The vessel, it is stated, had on board arms and military stores, and a complete printing apparatus. This movement was conducted with great secrecy, and nothing of it was know to the public until the vessel departed.

"Every vessel which has come to England from Mexico, for the last four months, brought pressing invitations to Gen. Iturbide to return to that country, which, since his abdication, has been distracted by factions, contending about the species of government that ought to be established there

We are confidently assured that Iturbide resisted every solicitation which was made to him until he became fully informed of the determined views of the Holy Alliance in assisting Ferdinand, by intrigue and by secret supplies of money, to attempt the subjugation of the whole of South America. Under these circumstances he felt it a sacred duty to return; he has gone, not with any views of personal aggrandizement, but as a soldier, to maintain the independence which his own efforts and talents once gave to that country. *London Courier.*

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By the schr. Fly, Capt. Vandine, at New York from Alvarado, the Commercial Advertiser learns, that a convoy with money, to the amount of 1,800,000 dollars, had just arrived at that place from Mexico. It is also stated, that a conspiracy had been discovered in Mexico, in favor of Iturbide, and that thirteen of the principals had been arrested. It is probable, from this, that Iturbide's departure from England, was connected with the plot. But if thus unfortunate in the outset, his highness may calculate upon a *warm* reception on his arrival. *Balt. Pat.*

—

The common council of New York have passed a resolution "to receive and treat the Marquis *De La Fayette*, as the GUEST of the NATION," and have appointed a committee "to prepare suitable apartments for his accommodation, and to furnish and supply them in a manner corresponding with the greatness ond hospitality of that city, and the generous feelings of a free people."

—

Rhode Island.—The Delegates, appointed by the several towns in the State of Rhode Island to form a Constitution, assembled in the State House at Newport on the 21st inst. *Elijah B. Potter* was unanimously elected President of the Convention, which immediately proceeded to the business for which it was convoked. *Nat. Intel.*

—

Commodore Porter arrived at Washington City on the 26th ult. in good health, in eight days from Matanzas.

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The new novel by Walter Scott, it is asserted in a Tyne paper, is to be entitled 'Redgauntlet, a Tale of the 18th century."

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, JUNE, 28.

Cotton.—The transactions of the week were unusually small, being about 500 bales of all descriptions. There is no more disposition on the part of the holders to sell, but the purchasers are holding back for a reduction.

Upland, 15 1-2 a 16 1-2; Tennessee 15 a 16; Louisiana 16 a 18 1-2; Alabama 15 1-2 a to 16 1-2; Sea Islands, 25 a 30, nominal.

Bagging, Cotton, 23 a 24 cents; Osnaburgs, 12 1-2c.

Extract from a letter dated

"HAVRE, MAY 20.

Cottons maintain their prices, but the sales are trifling. But as the demand for our manufactured goods continues brisk we expect to see them again shortly come forward to buy.

SALISBURY 8

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 13, 1824.

The communication from the Grand Jury of Stokes, shall have a place next week.

THE CELEBRATION.

In pursuance of arrangements entered into by the citizens of this town, the Anniversary of the Declaration of our National Independence was celebrated on Saturday, the 3d inst. in a style never excelled, if ever equalled, in Salisbury.

Early on the morning of the 3d, a detachment from Capt. Giles' company of militia, assembled at the court-house, and fired a morning salute, which served as an appropriate prelude to the interesting scenes which were to follow. The Salisbury Light Infantry, under the command of Lieut. Hunt and Ensign Lemley, paraded between 10 and 11 o'clock; and after going through a variety of evolutions, were joined, at 12 o'clock, by the citizens of the town and those who had come in from the adjoining country, and an interesting assemblage of Ladies; the whole then formed in procession, in the grove at the new Academy, under the direction of Maj. M'Clelland, marshal of the day—the military in front, with their music; citizens and strangers next, headed by the Rev. Dr. Freeman, the Orator and the reader of the Declaration, and a band of music belonging to a company of travelling show-men who were in town; and the ladies walked in the rear. In this order, the procession moved to the court house; on arriving at which, the military opened files, faced to the centre, and presented arms, while the procession countermarched into the house. There the exercises were opened by a ferment, evangelical and appropriate prayer, from the Rev. Dr. Freeman; the Declaration of Independence was then read, with great distinctness of expression, and a well governed tone, by Maj. John Beard; after which, an Oration was delivered by Mr. Albert Torrence, jr. which rivetted the attention of the audience, rekindled a flame of patriotism in every bosom, and drew forth the plaudits of all in the house. The exercises were diversified and enlivened by a number of patriotic national airs from the band of music, and discharges of musketry from the military.

At about 2 o'clock, a large and respectable company sat down to a Dinner prepared by Maj. E. Yarbro'.....which, for tastefulness in the arrangement, and variety and richness of the dishes, could not suffer by a comparison with the most sumptuous entertainments in the metropolis of the nation. Maj. John M'Clelland presided, assisted by Charles Fisher, Esq. Vice President. After the table was cleared of the first course, and the second one brought on, thirteen set toasts, which had been prepared by a committee, were drank, interspersed by patriotic songs, and elivening conversation.

We have not been able to procure a copy of the regular toasts, for this week's paper; but the following volunteers contain the substance of most of those that were drank:

By Mr. Allison: the American Fair.

By A. Torrence, jr.: the Holy Alliance, or the UN-holy *caucus* of Kings—may the time soon arrive, when the fragments of their thrones and sceptres shall be dispersed to the winds of Heaven like the bones of the mammoth, and afford the only evidence that such monsters ever infested the earth.

By Mr. Caldwell: Alexander Hamilton—to his eloquence in debate, and to the influence of his political essays, we are greatly indebted for the existence of our present form of government, and to his able administration of the finances, for much of its stability.

Mr. Love having been called on for a toast, rose and said—"Gentlemen: I pledge you one whose name sounds like father to every American bosom—one who has been the author of more political blessings to the world, than any man that ever lived in it—one that has been Chief Magistrate of these United States, but never the leader of a faction: may we all live to see his example imitated—I pledge you George Washington."

By the President of the day, Mr. M'Clelland: a hickory rod for the backs of the Holy Alliance.

By the Vice President, Mr. Fisher: the Orator of the day.

By Mr. Sneed: the American statesman and patriot, Daniel Webster, of Boston.

By Mr. Beard: Russell, Smyth, Lowrie, and Edwards—kindred spirits, they all be consigned to the same doom,—to the disgrace and infamy they merit.

By Mr. E. Cress: John C. Calhoun—the firm and undeviating republican, and one of the most bright stars in the Union, as regards first talents and integrity.

By Mr. Bingham: Thomas Jefferson—the republican patriarch of the nation; may the political lessons he taught, long be remembered by the American people.

By Dr. Mitchell: Nathaniel Macon, the distinguished statesman and patriot of North-Carolina.

By Mr. White: Andrew Jackson and John Quincy Adams—cowards and traitors are the enemies of one, and envious aspirants are the revilers of the other; but the PEOPLE are the friends of both.

By Mr. Macay: may the celebration of the 4th of July never be disturbed by party spirit.

By Mr. Fisher: the President of the day—he has acquitted himself like a hero.

By Mr. Beard: the Vice President of the day; he has acquitted himself like a patriot.

By *Mr.* Torrence: the fair sex—our arms their protection, their arms our reward.

By *Mr.* E. Cress: Gen. Andrew Jackson, who preserved the city of Orleans from destruction, and obtained the glorious victory over Packenham and his invincibles.

From *Mr. Martin*: Gen. La Fayette: may all Americans emulate his disinterested and glorious country.

COMMUNICATED.

CELEBRATION IN CONCORD.

Previous to the Fourth of July, a number of the citizens of Concord, and several gentlemen from the country, convened for the purpose of entering into resolutions to celebrate the day which gave birth to a free People. Gen. Paul Barringer was elected President, Doct. Tillman Davis Vice President, and M. Hunt Secretary. A committee of arrangement was appointed, who made the following arrangement on Saturday previous to the 4th of July:

Order of procession—the cavalry of the county, commanded by Capt. James A. Means; a company of volunteer Light Infantry, commanded by Capt. John Irwin; a number of revolutionary Patriots; the President and the Rev. John Robinson; Vice President and Secretary; the Orator of the day, and Dan'l. Coleman, Esq.; citizens of the county, in order.

The company then proceeded to a stand on a green prepared for the occasion; where the performances of the day were opened by a very appropriate prayer from the Rev. John Robinson; the declaration of Independence was then read, by Dan'l. Coleman, Esq. succeeded by a general fire from the cavalry and infantry; an appropriate Oration was then delivered, by Gen. John N. Phifer, succeeded by a general fire from the cavalry and infantry. The procession then returned in the same order, and partook of an excellent dinner, prepared by George Klutts, Esq. after which, the cloth being removed, the following toasts, prepared by a committee, were drank:

1. The 4th of July '76; the birth day of American Independence—3 cheers.

2. Gen. George Washington, over whose tomb the genius of Tyranny and Liberty weep: the first that he ever lived, the second that he ever died—4 cheers.

3. The United States of America; the only free nation on earth—4 cheers.

4. The constitution of the United States; our shield in every time of difficulty—3 cheers.

5. Our present Chief Magistrate; may his successors do as much to unite the two great political parties of the American nation, as he has done—3 cheers.

6. Our former Presidents, Adams, Jefferson, and Madison; may they long enjoy that happiness in retirement, which useful and virtuous lives are calculated to afford—4 cheers.

7. The Militia, well disciplined, are the best defence of a free people—3 cheers.

8. Gen. Andrew Jackson, our second Washington; may he arise and wear with dignity the mantle of our departed Elijah—4 cheers.

9. Christopher Columbus, whose gigantic genius soared above the ignorance of the period, and discovered this western hemisphere; may his memory still live in the mind of every true Patriot—3 cheers.

10. John Quincey Adams; the statesman and politician, whose services in the cabinet deserve the highest gift of the People—5 cheers.

11. De Witt Clinton, a master-piece of the time; may he rise triumphant over all the illiberal persecutions of his enemies—3 cheers.

12. The freedom of the Press; may it remain sacred and inviolable—3 cheers.

13. Our native land, the land of Liberty; may all our energies ever be thine—health to her patriots, and death to her foes—5 cheers.

14. The State of North Carolina; may her sons emulate those of her sister states—3 cheers.

15. CONCORD; may the patriotic citizens thereof often witness the celebration of our Independence, and never under less propitious circumstances than the present—4 cheers.

16. The Ladies of North Carolina; may they stimulate her sons to patriotism and magnanimity, and thereby prove themselves the fair guardians of our liberty—4 cheers.

17. The sons of Columbia;

Their necks they'll ne'er bow to a haughty pretender,
Nor tamely their national birth-right surrender—
5 cheers.

18. TEMPERANCE, the Physician of the soul, as well as body; the best guardian of youth—3 cheers.

19. May every one who has merit, always meet with encouragement—3 cheers.

20. May every Society instituted for the promotion of virtue, prosper and flourish—3 cheers.

21. *Matrimony*, the essence of happiness; may it crown all the Bachelors with good wives, between this and the 4th of July next—6 cheers.

22. May our country, in time of peace

or war, always be ready, willing, and able to support the true and genuine Republican principles which inspired our fathers of '76—5 cheers.

23. Our little navy; it has acquired for itself a never-fading name—4 cheers.

After which the following volunteer toasts were given:

1. By Samuel Harris; may the Washingtonian system of government be handed down, unimpaired, to the latest posterity—6 cheers.

2. By Dan'l. Coleman; the tomb of King Caucus—may it forever remain hidden thereof might there worship, instead of going to the holy temple of American Liberty—6 cheers.

3. By M. Hunt, Esq.; Gen. Phifer, Orator of the day—the genuine Republican and true Patriot, his talents and worth cannot be too highly estimated—5 cheers.

4. By J. L. Beard; our worthy Pastor, Rev. John Robinson—always diligent and indefatigable in the promotion of virtue, and suppression of vice—4 cheers.

5. By James A. Means, Esq.; the native of South-Carolina, the hero of Orleans—his military services, political experience, and incorruptible integrity, demands the support of all true Republicans, to the first, the highest gift of our nation—6 cheers.

Song, by T. Kerr—New-Orleans, or Hunters of Kentucky—6 cheers.

6. By John E. Mahan; May Americans, in the election of President, recollect the virtue and talents of John Q. Adams—6 cheers.

7. By Gen. John N. Phifer; Americans! in the choice of your Presidents, beware of military chieftains, and let the usurpations of Cæsar, Cromwell, and Napoleon, be ever fresh in your memory—5 cheers.

8. By Doct. A. M'Kinley; the hero of New-Orleans—by his most consumate prudence, talents and bravery, he has achieved for himself and his country, immortal honour, by an exploit certainly never exceeded, perhaps never equalled—5 cheers.

9. By John Locke; Gen. A. Jackson—genuine in principles, splendid in talents, and surpassed by none in public services; he is pre-eminently qualified to be the ruler of a free people—5 cheers.

10. By David C. Houston; the citizens of North-Carolina—may they have their minds enlightened and their eyes opened to their best interests, the calling of a Convention—6 cheers.

11. By Capt. James M'Ree; the militia of the Union—may they possess the energy and patriotism of the immortal Washington—4 cheers.

12. By Tho's. Kerr; may our lovely fair never want patriotism to emulate the noble example of the Ladies of New Orleans—4 cheers.

Song, by Thomas Kerr—the Star Spangled Banner—6 cheers.

13. By John Moss, Esq.; may the friends of Andrew Jackson always possess health of body, peace of mind, a clean shirt, and a sixpence—6 cheers.

14. By Doct. William Davis; the President of the day, Gen. Barringer; liberal in his public views, economical in his private affairs, and one of our best statesmen—6 cheers.

LET THE PEOPLE BE HEARD.

Mr. White: We see you often publish the sentiments of the people on the Presidency, ascertained at militia musters, &c.; you will therefore oblige many by giving the following a place in your paper:

At a muster seven or eight miles from Salisbury, of Capt. Lentz's company, on the 3d day of July, it was proposed by the captain, after the exercises of the day were concluded, to take the voice of the company and spectators, on the Presidential question. A friend of the people, who was present, on a request of the captain, made a few observations, explanatory of the subject, and of the views and claims of the several candidates now before the people for the Presidential chair. A vote was then taken—when it appeared there were

For Andrew Jackson,	123

No other candidate got a vote. After this, a free and general wish seemed to pervade all present, that the Hero of Orleans should preside over the nation. It was thereupon unanimously

Resolved, That we highly approve of the nomination of *John Giles*, Esq. as an Elector on the People's Ticket—and that we will, as such, give him our undivided support.

Fort Dearborn, [illegible]
N. C. July 3, 1814.

Mr. White: I have just time to say to you, that on this day was held a company muster at this place; and after the usual exercises of the day were over, the company undertook to express, by ballot, their sentiments on the pending Presidential Election: the result of which was,

For John Q. Adams,	24
Andrew Jackson,	24
Wm. H. Crawford,	13

This took place without any previous notice, or any electioneering by any person. The thing was unknown to me, until a few minutes before the ballots were counted out.

The following young gentlemen have been admitted by the Supreme Court, which is now in session, to practise Law in the Superior Courts of this State, to wit: Charles L. Torrence, of Salisbury; William Miller, of Bladen; Dillon Jordon, jr. of Fayetteville.

And those whose names follow, having passed satisfactory examinations, have been admitted to practise in the County Courts—viz: Samuel Silliman, of Salisbury; Benjamin F. Haywood, of Raleigh; Henry Miller, of do.; James L. Gaines, of Moore county; Henry A. Martin, of Stokes county; James K. Belden, of Fayetteville; Hugh McQueen, of Moore county; and Thomas Sumner, of Hertford county.

OVERSEERS OF ROADS.

Rowan county, May sessions, 1824: Ordered by the Court, that all overseers of roads return their orders on Monday of August Court next.

JOHN GILES, *Clerk.*

FAYETTEVILLE PRICES, July 1.

Cotton, 14 to 15½; flour, fine, 4; superfine, 4 25 a 4 50; wheat, 80 cents; whiskey, 30 a 32½; peach brandy, 55 a 60; apple do. 50 to 55; corn, 42 to 45; bacon, 8½ a 9; salt, Turks Island; 70 a 80 per bushel; molasses, 26 a 28; sugar, muscovado, 9½ a 10½; coffee, prime, green, 22 to 23; 2d and 3d quality, 20 a 22; tea, hyson, $1 20 a 1 20; flaxseed, 75 a 80 cts; tallow, 6; beeswax, 31 a 32; rice 3½ to 4 per 100 lbs.; iron, 4½ to 5 pr. 100 lb.; tobacco leaf, 3 a 3¼; manufactured, 5 a 20 pr. cwt.

Our market for every article of exportation, and for Cotton particularly, being regulated entirely by the prices abroad, we cannot afford a better criterion by which to judge of the prices and demand here, than by publishing what these are in the markets to which these articles are sent. *Observer.*

CHARLESTON PRICES, June 28.

Cotton, S. Island, 23 to 30, stained do. 14 to 18; Maine do. 23; Santee, 22 to 23; short staple, 14½ a 16½ Whiskey 28 a 30 cts.; Bacon, 8 a 9 cts.; Hams, 10 a 11; Lard, 10 13; Bagging, Dundee and Inverness, (42 inch,) 24 a 25; Coffee, Prime Green, 19; Inf. to good, 15 a 18.

North-Carolina Bank Bills, 2 a 2½ per cent dis.; Georgia Bank Bills, 1½ a 2 per cent. dis. Cape Fear and Newbern, 4 per cent. dis.

Cottons.—The market has been unusually flat. We continue our quotations as nominally the same, but to effect sales, a reduction of ½ to ½ a cent in the pound, on Uplands, must be submitted to. Courier.

MARRIED,

At Littleton, *W*arren county, North Carolina, on the 10th inst. by the Right Rev. Bishop Ravencrost, Col. Eli *W. W*ard, of Onslow county, to Miss Cynthia Little, daughter of *W*m. *P*. Little, Esq.

DIED,

In Rowan county, on Saturday evening, the 3d inst. *M*r. Jacob Albright, in the 70th year of his age. He had been a citizen of this county for upwards of 50 years, and was one of those who saw and shared in the troubles of the revolution, in which he took an active part, from first to last: ever since that period, he has lived in peace and quietness with all his neighbors—so much so, that he never had a law suit with any of them.

In the silent grave may his body rest—
His soul be by his Lord and Saviour blest.

COMMUNICATED.

In the vicinity of *M*organton, on the 24th ult. Richard Butler, infant son of Col. John E. Butler, aged two years.

In this county, lately, Mr. Smith Blair, after a protracted illness of near two years.

In Morganton, on the 24th ult. *Joseph Hugh Alexander Tate*, infant son of Dr. Samuel Tate, aged seven months.

[What follows, accompanied the above notice of the death of Dr. Tate's child, with a request that it might be published with it:]

"The bloom of his season rival'd the rose. He caused the beauty and perfections of the day to sink beneath the hurling commands of his person, and his angel smile commanded the respect of all who saw or knew him—for to see him was to love him. But amidst the height and bloom of his perfections, the rude frost of Heaven venomously nips the bud, and the rose himself falls, and becomes an adopted member of the family of his mother dust. Every thing that is to be found great, intelligent, perfect and flattering in his age, he possessed. He forced the love of his parentage to become in a growing state of irresistibility; and caused them to frown, with indignation, upon those who dare to retard his progress. But now they look upon death with the *amaritude* of his sting, as the destroyer of that which hitherto touched their bosoms so tenderly and unspeakable"!!!!

Salisbury Academy.

THE exercises of this Institution will be again resumed, on Monday the 19th day of July. As the present Instructer has ever felt a reluctance in governing youth by the slavish discipline of the rod, he wishes only to receive such children as can be governed by a generous love of distinction, and a desire to improve in useful learning. Such, he confidently believes, will find the situation both pleasant and profitable. He would prefer receiving none under his care, who cannot read with some readiness. Should, however, any such offer, as they require more time, and are usually more difficult to govern, their tuition must be the same as that of the next grade of English scholars.

July 5th, 1824.

Iredell Bible Society.

ON Thursday, the fifth day of August next, the Bible *S*ociety of Iredell county will hold its annual meeting in *S*tatesville. It is expected that the Rev. *M*r. Eddy, of *M*organton, will deliver a discourse, suitable to the occasion. The members of the *S*ociety are earnestly requested to attend; and all those interested in the extension of the Kingdom of the Redeemer, are invited to meet with us; and if, as we humbly and confidently hope, it should appear to them, upon a calm examination of the principles and conduct of the *S*ociety, that it is worthy of patronage, and if the objects it has in view should be such as to recommend themselves to their consciences in the sight of God we trust that they will afford to the *S*ociety more extensive means of disseminating the word of Life.

J.D. CHARLES DEAL, *Recor. Sec'y.*

July 5, 1824. 4it'17

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office at Concord, North Carolina, on the 1st of July, 1824.

James Allison	Henry Leazer
Sarah Allison	John Locke
Moses S. Archibald	Jacob Lyerly.
William I. Alexander	M. Murr
Lawson H. Alexander	Amelia Miller
Erixem Alexander.	David Miller
John Bost	James S. Meek
George Barrickfuind	James M'Calebs
Daniel Bost	Thomas Matty
Joseph Biggar	Elias Morris
Samuel or John Black.	Abigail Morrison
Moses Corzine	Andrew C. Morrison
Hugh Campbell	John Misenhimer
William Culp	Matilda M'Calebs
Jacob Cannon	William B. Meroney
Joseph Crofford	Robert S. Means.
Robert Campbell	John Niceler.
Calain I. Chisholm	David Pervians
William Cassels	Alexander Pickins
John Clay	Samuel Pickens
Dr. W. H. B. Cristian.	Robert Pickins
Isaiah Dewest.	Henry N. Pharr
Thomas Erwin	Nathan Phillips.
Phillip Eagle.	Sherwood Roland.
Peter Fink	Major Still
Mitchell Fleming	Sarah Smith
A. Foster.	Martha Ann Smith
Christian Goodnight.	Benjamin Shinn.
Franklin Harris	William Thompson.
Doct. Elam Harris	David Wright
Levy Honeycut	William Waddington
Robert Harris	Phillip Wagner
Archibald Houston	Joseph Welch
William I. Harris	Samuel Wallace
George Hill.	George Whitley
John Jimison	Michael Winnocough
Ross Justice.	Samuel White
Robert Lee	Rev. John M. Wilson.
Daniel Linker	

D. STORKE, *A. P. M.*

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office at Charlotte, North Carolina, on the 1st of July, 1824.

Wm. Austin	John Jones
Silas Alexander	Barbara Johnson.
Elias Alexander	Andrew King.
Wm. J. Alexander, 2	John Little
Wallace Alexander	James Leper
Margaret Allison	Benj. Lindsay
Abraham Anderson	James Lyle, 2
Wm. T. Alexander	David M. Lee
Susanna Austin	Secretary of the Phalanx Lodge
Joseph Allison	
Moses W. Alexander	Abram C. Labatt
Josiah Alexander	Thomas I. Lindsay.
Moses W. Alexander.	Zebulon Morris, 2
Joseph Black	John M'Laughlin
Harry Bolsee	James M'Cullah
James Black	James Martin
Joseph Blackwood	James Mason
James Barkley	Wm. Morrison
Robert Barnett	Samuel Moore
Shadarick Bonds	Alexander M'Rae
Lorin Bates, 3	John F. M'Neely
Doct. J. D. Boyd	Phillimon Morris
James W. Baker.	Roderick M'Cally
John Crowell	Cyrus M'Lure
Wilson Crockett	John M'Cay
Thos. Cushon	Mrs. Hun M'Lure
Dickey Craig	John M'Leod
Azariah Coburn	John *H.* Maxwell.
Erastus Case	Allen G. Orr
Dan'l. F. Christenbury	Braley Oates
Ira H. Cushman	John Osborn.
James L. Cathcart	Charles, Wm. or Geo. W. Polk
Thomas Cushon	
James Cathcart	J. Perry
Hoyle, Son & Cox	Susannah Presley
Eleazer Cochran	Wm. Pyans
Robt. Cochran	James Pervians
John Costen	John T. Paschall.
Jeremiah Cloretz.	Thomas Rice
Sugar Dulin	Ezekiel Robinson
Wm. Darnall	Milas Robinson
James Dinkins, 3	James Robinson
Lewis Dinkins, 2	Doct. Jas. W. Ross.
Mrs. Harriet Dinkins	Wm. *P*. Sprigs
Miss Jane B. Dinkins	James Sloan
James Dougherty	Wm. Sloan
Alexander Davis.	Sherod Smith
Caleb Erwin.	Mary I. Silvester
Joseph Faires	Rebecca B. Simons
John M. Fullwood, 2	Elizabeth Spratt
Joseph Flinn	Robt. Sloan
Jas. N. Flanikin.	Jacob Spain
Master John Gradirk	Washington Strictland
William Goforth	J. S——
Harriet S. Gray	James Smith.
Oliver Gray	John Todd, 2
Doct. Sam'l. Greer	John M. Thomas
Isaac Gyre.	J. G. Torrence
James C. Harris	Sarah Taylor
Nancy Hoguelin	Wm. Thompson.
George Houston	Miss Jane Wallace
John Hutson	John Williamson
Wm. H. Hart	John Wilson
George Harkless	Benj. S. West
Samuel *H*ennigan	Wm. Wallace
John *H*owell	Wm. Wincheser
Mary *H*enderson.	Sam'l. Wilson
Thomas Jerome.	Col. Jas. Welborn
Julius Jones	Julius H. Walker, 2
John Jennings	Doct. *Wm. W*hite.

WM. SMITH, P. M.

Land and Mills.

I OFFER for sale, my premise whereon I reside, called Mill Grove, lying on Rocky River, Cabarrus county. This tract of land contains 300 acres; the soil of which is fertile in all kinds of productions, natural to the climate.

On these premises are machineries, which are in point of income, equal to any in the State: viz. one corn mill, and a French Burr—a saw mill and a cotton machine—also, a Tan yard, Store-house and a Smith-shop. There is also a comfortable dwelling-house, with all necessary out houses, suited to the circumstance of any person wishing to purchase. Terms will be made accommodating to the purchaser.

HUGH HAYR.

June 25, 1824. 2it'14

A SAILOR that landed from on board ship,
Took a fancy, it seems, for a new sort of trip:
He saw, with surprise, how the land-lubbers ride
On their horses and saddles, three or four side and side.
With such ship and tackle I never can strand;
So a voyage I sware I'll have upon land.
This said, he applyed at a neigboring Inn,
For a horse that might dash him thro' thick and thro' thin;
His cash soon secured him the use of a horse;
But in fixing his rigging, Jack felt at a loss;
He chew'd his tobacco, and wrinkled his face,
In trying the saddle to fit in its place.
He fixed it at length, in his hurry of mind,
with the crupper before and the pommel behind.
A bystander laughed at the ludicrous sight,
And directed the sailor to set it aright.
Jack took it in dudgeon, that he should pretend
To dictate to him how the blunder to mend.
How the d—l do you know, he hastily cry'd,
What way, or which way, I'm going to ride?

Price adv. $1. 1w

Mansion Hotel,

SALISBURY, NORTH-CAROLINA, BY EDWARD YARBROUGH:

WHO respectfully informs the public, and his friends, that he has taken the extensive and elegant establishment, situated at the north corner of the Court-House, (lately occupied by Mr. James Huie.) The convenience of this situation for business, is equal to any in the place. The House contains a number of private rooms, well calculated for the accommodation of Travellers and Boarders; the Stables are equal, if not superior, to any in the place, and attended to by obliging and attentive Hostlers; his table and bar, will be supplied with the best the market affords; and the regulations of his House, such as he hopes will give entire satisfaction to those who may think proper to call on him: and he assures them, that no pains shall be spared to render their stay comfortable and pleasing.

February 24, 1824. 96

Estate of Jas. M'Knight, sen.

ALL those indebted to the estate of James M'Knight, sen. dec'd. either by note or book account, are requested to come forward and make payment immediately, as further indulgence cannot be given. All those having claims against said estate, are requested to bring them forward, legally attested, for settlement, within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pled in bar.

JOSEPH M'KNIGHT, } *Executors.*
JOHN M'KNIGHT, }

June 13, 1824. 3it'15p

STATE of North-Carolina, Stokes county. Court of *P*leas and Quarter Sessions, *J*une term, 1824: Gabriel *H*anby *vs.* The *H*eirs at law of *J*onathan Dalton, dec'd. Scire Facias, for the condemnation of land. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Robert Jackson, who intermarried with Susan Dalton, one of the heirs at law of *J*onathan Dalton, dec'd. is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Western Carolinian for six weeks, that the said Robert Jackson appear at the next term of our said court, on the second *M*onday in *S*eptember next, and shew cause, if any he has, why the land descended to him as one of the heirs at law, shall not be condemned, and sold to satisfy the plaintiff's demand.

it'19 *M*ATTHEW R. *M*OORE. c. c.
Germanton, June 22, 1824. *P*rice adv. $2.

STATE of North-Carolina, Stokes county. Court of *P*leas and Quarter Sessions, *J*une term, 1824: Samuel Kerby's administrators, *vs.* The Heirs at law of *J*onathan Dalton, dec'd. Scire Facias, for the condemnation of land. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Robert Jackson, who intermarried with Susan Dalton, one of the heirs at law of *J*onathan Dalton, dec'd. is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the *W*estern Carolinian six weeks, that the said Robert Jackson appear at next term of our said court, and shew cause, if any he has, why the land descended to him as one of the heirs at law of *J*onathan Dalton, dec'd. shall not be condemned and sold to satisfy the plaintiff's demand.

it'19 MATTHEW R. MOORE, c. c.
Germanton, June 22, 1824. *P*rice adv. $2.

STATE of North-Carolina, Stokes county. Court of *P*leas and Quarter Sessions, *J*une term, 1824: Samuel Kerby's administrators, *vs.* The *H*eirs at law of *J*onathan Dalton, dec'd. Scire Facias, for the condemnation of land. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that Robert Jackson, who intermarried with Susan Dalton, one of the heirs at law of *J*onathan Dalton, dec'd. is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Western Carolinian six weeks, that the said Robert Jackson appear at next term of our said court, on the second Monday of September, and shew cause, if any he has, why the land descended to him as one of the heirs at law of the said Jonathan Dalton, dec'd. shall not be condemned, and sold to satisfy the plaintiff's demands.

it'19 MATTHEW R. MOORE, c. c.
Germanton, June 22, 1824. *P*rice adv. $2.

STATE of North-Carolina, Stokes county. Court of *P*leas and Quarter Sessions, *J*une term, 1824: Matthew M. *H*ughes, *vs.* The *H*eirs at law of *J*onathan Dalton, dec'd. Scire Facias, for the condemnation of land. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Robert Jackson, who intermarried with Susan Dalton, one of the heirs at law of *J*onathan Dalton, dec'd. is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the *W*estern Carolinian six weeks, that the said Robert Jackson appear at the next term of our said court, on the second Monday in September, and shew cause if any he has, why the land descended to him as one of the heirs at law of *J*onathan Dalton, dec'd. shall not be condemned, and sold to satisfy the plaintiff's demand.

it'19 MATTHEW R. MOORE, c. c.
Germanton, June 22, 1824. *P*rice adv. $2.

STATE of North-Carolina, Stokes county. Court of *P*leas and Quarter Session. *J*une term, 1824: Gabriel *H*anby, *vs.* The *H*eirs at law of Jonathan Dalton, dec'd. Scire Facias, for the condemnation of land. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that Robert Jackson, who intermarried with Susan Dalton, one of the heirs at law of *J*onathan Dalton, dec'd. is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Western Carolinian for six weeks, that the said Robert Jackson appear at the next term of our said court, on the second Monday in September next, and shew cause, if any he has, why the land descended to him as one of the heirs at law, shall not be condemned, and sold to satisfy the plaintiff's demand.

it'19 MATTHEW R. MOORE, c. c.
Germanton, June 22, 1824. Price adv. $2.

By SATURDAY'S MAIL.

It appears by the northern papers, that a destructive thunder-storm was experienced on the 29th and 30th ult. in all the country between Philadelphia and Richmond. In some places, the damage sustained from the effects of the lightning and wind was very great.

CHARLESTON, JULY 1.

Our city has for four days past suffered under an intenseness and continuation of heat, seldom, if ever, experienced here before. We have endured, almost literally, an atmosphere of fire. Several valuable lives have fallen victims to the excessive warmth. *Courier.*

[*We* have not been strangers to hot weather in Salisbury for some time past.....but we have all, thus far, outlived its melting effects.]

On the 29th ult. a man dropped down at the corner of Barclay and Church-streets, New-York, and expired in a few minutes, in consequence of drinking cold water.

Hot Day.—The Richmond Virginia Compiler states, that a spirit thermometer, graduated by Fahrenheit's scale, stood in the shade, on Shockoe hill, at one time, at 98 degrees.

A public notice was given requesting a meeting of the friends of Mr. Crawford, at Mount Holly, New-Jersey, on Saturday, the 26th of June. A most ludicrous account of the meeting is published, by which it appears, that but *one* individual attended, a Mr. Ezekiel D——, who acted as *Chairman* and *Secretary*. He addressed the *meeting* in a very grave manner, as the account goes, in favor of the "regularly nominated candidate by the caucus," and offered sundry resolutions which were *unanimously* adopted. "Ezekiel D——, Esq. was then nominated as a candidate for Elector, to be supported by the *meeting*," and thus ended the farce.

Latest and important from Spain.

We are informed by our attentive correspondent of the Boston Courier, that the ship Coral arrived at that port on Sunday last, from Gibraltar, bringing letters from Cadiz dated the 20th of May. In one of these it was stated as certain that 25.000 troops were to enter Spain immediately, and that several regiments had been ordered from Carthagena to Cadiz, where preparations were making to receive them. "The movements (it is added) in Spain, with the recent events in Portugal, lead many to believe that all is not well, and that *war is brewing.*"

N. Y. Ev. Post, 29th ult.

South Yadkin Bridge.

THE Commissioners appointed by the County Court of Rowan, to contract for the erection of a *Bridge* over the South Yadkin river, will meet at the Court-house in Salisbury, on Saturday, the 24th inst. to receive proposals. They have selected a site for the Bridge, on the premises of David Craige and Zackariah *M*cAtee. Persons wishing to contract, can have the place pointed out to them by either of the *M*essrs. Craiges. The Bridge is to be built on the plan of *M*r. Town's, weatherboarded and roofed, and supported by three stone piers.

Further information will be communicated on application to either of the commissioners.

JACOB FISHER,
JOHN H. FREELING,
DAVID M'GUIRE,
ALFRED MACAY,
JOHN BEARD, jr. } *Com'rs.*

*Salisbury, July*12, 1824. 2it'15

Lands, at Public Sale.

ON Tuesday, of the next Superior Court of Ashe county, will be offered for sale, at the Court-House of said county

1000 acres of Land

in said county, of an excellent quality for grass, or farming. Terms, one half the purchase money payable in nine months, the other half in eighteen months. Bond and approved security, to be given to 10it'22

S. SPEER, *Guardian to the heirs of*
June 18, 1824 *William W. Chaffin, dec'd.*

Doct. William H. Trent,

HAVING settled himself at Mount Vernon, offers his services to the inhabitants of the vicinity, in the various departments of his profession.

He has a good supply of *medicines*, which he will dispose of on reasonable terms.

July 5, 1824. 3it'15

Land for Sale.

AGREEABLY to the last will and testament of Wm. Patterson, dec'd. will be sold, at public sale, on a credit, a valuable plantation, containing 400 acres, lying on both sides of Sugar Creek, within 1¼ miles of Charlotte. The fertility of the soil, the eleganee of the situation, and the improvements, all serve to render this an object of attention. The sale is to take place on the *sixth day of August next.*

DAVID M'DONALD, *Executor.*

June 21, 1824. 3it'14p

Entertainment.

CALEB SMOOT, takes this method of informing his friends and the public at large, that he has now finished repairing his house, and has fitted it up in the first rate style for the accommodation of *Travellers*, and all others who may feel disposed to call on him. His House is in Davidson county, on the main road leading from Salisbury to Salem, by Lexington, &c. twelve miles from Salem, eight from Lexington, and twenty-four from Salisbury. Gentlemen travelling from south to north, or from north to south, are invited to call, as every convenience of refreshments for themselves, feed for their horses, &c. will be afforded them at rates to correspond with the general reduced price of provisions and other necessaries.

Davidson co June 1, 1824. 13it'22

FROM THE MILLEDGEVILLE (GEO.) JOURNAL.

ON BATHING.

"This is the purest exercise of health,
The kind refresher of the summer heart;
Nor when cold winter keens the brightening flood,
Would I weak, shivering, linger on the brink.
Hence the limbs knit into force;
And from the body's purity, the mind
Receives a secret sympathetic aid."

He who marries once, may be
Pardon'd his infirmity;
He who marries twice, is mad;
But if you should find a fool
Marrying thrice—don't spare the lad—
Flog him—flog him back to school.....BATS.

Three things give every charm to life,
And every grief controul:
A mellow wine, a smiling wife,
And an untainted soul.....BECCAN.

M. Bertholet, the son of the philosopher of that name, was a young man of superior talents; his friends entertained high expectations of his future success; but neither the rank to which his father had attained, his own brilliant prospects, nor the literary society and amusements of Paris, could secure him from that ennui and weariness of life which at last became insupportable. He locked himself up in a small room, and closing the apertures and crevices, lighted a barrel of charcoal, and seated himself before a table, on which he had laid a seconds watch, with pen, ink and paper. He then noted down with exactness, the hour when the charcoal was lighted, the first sensations produced, and the progress of the delirium, till the writing became confused and illegible, and he was found dead upon the floor. *London paper.*

The following is from Blackwood's Magazine, a work not noted for partiality to this country:—"there does not exist at this time, on the whole face of the earth, any district more flourishing, more improving, or more enterprizing than the State of New York. The great Canal, which beggars to insignificance all similar undertakings in the world, and in point of extent is the largest line of continued labor in the world, after the wall of China, is of itself a sufficient proof and illustration of the fact."

A strange custom prevails every where in Chili, at balls, public as well as private. Ladies of all ranks who happen not to be invited, come in disguise and stand at the windows or in the passages, and often actually enter the ball room. They are called *Tapadas*, from their faces being covered, and their object is to observe the proceedings of their unconscious friends, whom they torment with malicious speeches, whenever they are within hearing. *National Gazette.*

England may be denominated the "*Great Banking House*" of Europe.—Within the last few years, she has loaned to other States over Two Hundred and Twenty Millions of Dollars. The following is a list of loans paid, or contracted to be paid, in 1824.

French,	*l.* 19,900,000	Greek,	*l.* 892,000
Dutch,	2,000,000	Mexican,	8,800,000
Colombian,	4,000,000	Spanish,	5,000,000
Brazil,	2,500,000	Mines,	500,000
Portuguese,	500,000	Neapolitan,	2,000,000
Austrian,	500,000		
Peruvian,	2,720,000	Total,	*l.* 50,312,000
Buenos Ayres,	100,000		

MECHANICAL INGENUITY.

Droz, a Genevan Mechanic, once constituted a clock which was capable of the following surprising movements: There was seen on it a negro, a dog and a shepherd. When the clock struck, the shepherd played six tunes on his flute, and the dog approached and fawned upon him. The clock was exhibited to the King of Spain, who was delighted with it. The gentleness of my dog, said Droz, is his least merit. Let your Majesty touch one of the apples which you see in the shepherd's basket, you will admire the fidelity of this animal. The king took an apple, and the dog flew at his hand and barked so loud that the King's dog, which was in the room, began also to bark. At this, the courtiers, not doubting that it was an affair of witchcraft, hastily left the room, crossing themselves as they went out. The Minister of Marine was the only one that ventured to stay. The King having desired him to ask the negro what o'clock it was, the minister obeyed, but he obtained no reply. Droz then observed, that the negro had not yet learned Spanish, upon which the minister repeated the question in French, and the black immediately answered him. At this new prodigy the firmness of the minister also forsook him, and he retreated precipitately, declaring that it must be the work of the devil. *Griscom's Year in Europe.*

Singular Suicide.—A slave, at Lynchburg, (Va.) on the 25th ult. being threatened with a flogging by his master, for refusing to work, run his head furiously against a wall, which dislocated one of the joints of his neck, and broke another.—He died in a few days. *Baltimore paper.*

Dissolution.

I HAVE declined acting as a partner with John Murphy, in the mercantile business in Concord, with his consent, and have relinquished all claims to any part or portion of the profits of the concern of Murphy & Sutton. 98

March 22, 1824. NATH'L. SUTTON.

New Store, in Concord.

THE subscriber has formed a Copartnership with William Brown, in the mercantile business, at Concord, Cabarrus county, North-Carolina, under the firm of *Murphy & Brown*: where they are openig a fresh assortment of

Dry Goods, Cutlery and Hardware,

selected with much care, in Philadelphia and New-York, and bought on the best terms. They design to continue the business at Concord for some years; and as Mr. Murphy will visit the northern cities annually, to procure supplies, their assortment will be general; and will be disposed of at fair prices for cash, or on credit, to punctual customers. Their friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to call, examine qualities, hear prices, and judge for themselves. JOHN MURPHY.

John Murphy,

Has also, at his store in Salisbury, a large assortment of GOODS, to suit citizens, town and country people; to be disposed of unusuallylow, for cash, or country produce.

New Assortment.

THE subscriber has very recently received from Philadelphia, an assortment of

Dry Goods, Cutlery, and Hard-Ware, Domestics;

which, with the assortment he expects to receive in a short time, will enable him to sell at satisfactory prices. The public are respectfully invited to call, and examine for themselves.

EDWARD CRESS.

Salisbury, Aug. 16, 1823. 70

Coppersmithing.

The Coppersmithing, and Tin Plate business, heretofore transacted by D. Cress, sen. will in future be conducted by me, at the same place. Those who favor me with their custom, may depend on having their work done with neatness, durability and despatch. EDWD. CRESS.

Wholesale HAT Store,

279 *King Street, opposite the Merchant's Hotel.*

Wildman & Starr,

OFFER to the public a general assortment of 1st, 2nd, and 3d quality black and drab

Beaver Hats,

oval, bell and high crowns, and cortes shaped, wide and narrow brims, late fashions.

Also, Castor Hats, ditto; men's and youth's fine Roram ditto, warranted elastic water proof; men's and youth's Roram Hats, of an inferior quality. All of which they warrant of their own manufacture.

Men's and boy's coarse, fine and very fine black and drab wool Hats; morocco caps, from Philadelphia and New-York; Hatter's Trimmings, Bow Strings, and Brushes, &c. &c. low for cash.

Charleston, April. 1824. 13it14

South Yadkin Bridge.

THE Commissioners appointed by Rowan County Court, to build a *Bridge* over the South Yakin river, between the mouth of Second Creek and the Point, will receive proposals for building said Bridge. Persons disposed to contract for the same, will specify to either of the Commissioners the terms on which they can do the job. Contractors will understand that there is to be a good stone abutment at each end of the Bridge, a stone pier in the centre; the whole to be well shingled and weatherboarded. The bridge will require to be two hundred feet long.

ALFRED MACAY,
JACOB FISHER,
JOHN H. FREELING,
DAVID M'GUIRE,
JOHN BEARD, jr. } *Com'rs.*

Salisbury, June 7, 1824. '09

Notice.

ON Tuesday, the third of August next, (it being Wilkes county court week) the undersigned commissioners will sell at Public Auction, in the Town of Wilkesboro', agreeably to act of Assembly, several lots, laid off from the public square in said place; two of which are the most eligible stands for business in the town. Terms, nine months credit; bond and security will be required, and a lien upon the property will be retained, until payment is made.

Also, at the same time and place, the said commissioners, by the authority aforesaid, will let out to the lowest bidder, the building of a *brick* Court-House; the undertaker of which will be required to give bond and sufficient security for the good performance of the same. The plan and size of the Court-House will be made known by either of the subscribers, when applied to.

JAMES WELLBORN,
JAMES HACKET,
HAMILTON BROWN,
H. B. SATTERWHITE, } *Commissioners.*

June 26, 1824, 4it'16

House and Land for Sale,

ON LOW TERMS.

THE subscriber is fully authorised by the last will of Henry Bruner, dec'd. and also by the legal representatives, to sell the well known Plantation whereon the deceased did live, about 12 miles east from the town of Salisbury, on the south side of main Yadkin, containing 189 acres; about 60 of which is of the best river bottom in North Carolina. There is on the primises, a good and large dwelling-house, and barn, apple and peach orchard, with many other conveniences, to justify me in saying that it is one of the best Plantations, agreeably to the number of acres, on the river. It is now offered at private sale: the payments will be made easy; a credit of one and two years, or if a payment is made of one half, a credit of two years. But if not sold at private contract, it will be offered at public Auction, on the premises, on the 4th Saturday in August next. Any person wishing to purchase at private sale, may, at any time, apply to JA. FISHER, *Exec'r.*

July 5, 1824 7it'19

Forte Piano, for Sale.

A FIRST rate second-hand *Piano*, is offered for sale, very low. For terms, &c. apply to MICHAEL BROWN.

Salisbury, Feb. 16, 1824. 95

ARTISANS' NOTICES.

Coach Making.

THE subscriber offers his services to the public in the above line, and flatters himself, from long experience and steady application for a number of years, in Europe and America, to give general satisfaction to those who may favor him with their work.

Carriages of all descriptions, Pannel'd and Stick *Gigs*, Sulkeys, &c. made and repaired on reasonable terms. SAM'L. LANDER.

Salisbury, April 26, 1824. 204

N. B. Carriages, of all descriptions, bought and sold, on commission.

P. S. A journeyman wanted at the above business, to whom good wages will be given. He will be employed on wood work, altogether.

☞ The subscriber keeps two *Gigs* for Hire, which will always be kept in readiness, with good harness, for the accommodation of those who may, at any time, wish to ride on pleasure or on business. S. LANDER.

⁂ Wanted, as an Apprentice at the above business, a young man from 14 to 16 years of age, and of correct and industrious habits—one from the country would be preferred: to whom a good chance be given.

Coach Making.

THE subscriber begs leave to return his grateful acknowledgments to his friends and the public, for the very liberal patronage he has received in his line of business; and informs them, that he has procured a number of workmen from Philadelphia and Newark, which enables him to finish work in a style rarely seen in the western part of the state. He also has a continual supply of materials, of the best quality and most fashionable patterns. He intends keeping constantly on hand, at reduced prices for cash only, Sulkies, Stick and Pannel Gigs, Chariotees, Coachees, Landaus, Phætons, Barouches, Landaulets, Caravans, and Mail Stages, of a superior construction. Repairs done at the shortest notice, and in the best manner. Orders from a distance thankfully received, and punctually attended to. J. G. MORSE.

Charlotte, March 1, 1824. 9?

LATEST FASHIONS,

From Philadelphia.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has just received the latest fashions from London, by way of Philadelphia. Gentlemen in this vicinity, and the adjacent country, wishing fashionable clothes made, can now be accommodated by the subscriber on a short notice. All orders from a distance, for making any kind of gentlemen's garments, will be punctually and expeditiously executed, and forwarded according to directions. Gentlemen are invited to give the subscriber's shop a fair trial; they will then be better able to judge whether he deserves their patronage or not. THOMAS V. CANON.

Salisbury, April 19, 1824. '02.

Martin F. Revell, *Tailor,*

ADOPTS this plan of informing the citizens of Salisbury, and its vicinity, in general, that he has commenced the

Tailoring Business,

in part of John Utzman's house, situated in Market Street, a few doors from the East corner of the Court-House; where he is prepared and will be happy to accommodate any gentlemen who are disposed to patronize him in his line of business, in the neatest and most fashionable style, or to please fancy. He flatters himself, from his long experience, that there are but few, *if any*, in the country, that can surpass him in the execution of his work. A fair trial is all he asks, to prove the above assertion. The changes of fashion shall be strictly attended to, as he has left a correspondent in the District of Columbia, (where he is last from) who will send him the fashions on, in their regular seasons. He hopes by strict attention to business, to receive a liberal share of public patronage, as he is determined nothing shall be left undone to render general satisfaction.

Salisbury, May 5, 1824. 206

Carpentering Business.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the citizens of Rowan and the adjoining counties, that he intends carrying on the House Carpenter's Business in all its various branches, and is now ready to make engagements with any person wishing to have work done in his line. He will employ none but the best of workmen; and he flatters himself that, from his long experience and strict attention to the business, he will be able to discharge any such work in the most fashionable style of the day, and on the most reasonable terms. He feels no hesitation in saying that those who may favor him with their custom, will be fully satisfied as to price, durability, neatness, and despatch.

ISAAC EARNHART.

Salisbury, June 14, 1824. t'14r

House and Sign Painting, &c.

GEORGE W. GRIMES informs his friends and the public, that he still continues to execute all kinds of House, Sign, Coach, Windsor Chair, and Ornamental *Painting*, in a style of workmanship equal to any in the country. Gentlemen having work to do within 50 or 60 miles of Salisbury, can engage the subscriber's services on very short notice.

The subscriber takes this opportunity to return his sincere thanks to all those who have generously extended their favors to him; and by his faithfulness and industry, in future, hopes still to merit their friendship and patronage.

Salisbury, July 5, 1824. '13

N. B. The subscriber will keep on hand, for sale, all manner of *paints* and colors, prepared for the accommodation of those who may wish to do small jobs of painting, but who may not have the paints, or experience to prepare them.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to Alexander Torrence, as Guardian of A. J. Worke, are requested to come forward and make immediate payment, or give new notes, payable to A. J. Worke, as he has now taken all the notes and accounts out of the hands of his former Guardian, and is determined to collect his money, or have it secured by new notes. Mr. Alexander Torrence is authorized to settle any accounts or notes. The amount of any debts due the subscriber, during the next three months, and all notes, will be left with him, as agent for me, during that time.

This is the last call that will be made; and if not attended to, an officer will make the next.

May 18, 1824. '07 A. J. WORKE.

Sheriffs' Tax Deeds.

DEEDS for land sold by Sheriffs for arrears of *Taxes*, for sale at the 'Carolinian' office.

DR. SIMEON BEVINS: Take notice, that on the second Monday of September next, I intend to take the depositions of John Meny, Edward Collins, and others, at the Court-House in Russelsville, state of Kentucky, to be read as evidence in the suit by petition in Lincoln Superior Court, North-Carolina, where I am plaintiff, and you are defendant; when and where you may attend, to cross examine. 4it'15

June 16, 1824. ELIZABETH BEVINS.

State of North-Carolina,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY.

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Session, May term, 1824; James Clark, *vs.* James D. Walker: Original attachment, levied in the hands of John [illegible]. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made three months in the Western Carolinian, giving notice to the said defendant to appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for said county, at the Court-House in Charlotte, on the fourth Monday in August next, to replevy, plead, or demur, otherwise judgment will be entered against him, and execution awarded accordingly.

Test: ISAAC ALEXANDER, c. m. c.

Price adv. $4. 3mit'24

State of North-Carolina,

STOKES COUNTY.

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, June term, 1824. Andrew Bowman, *vs.* Robert Tinsley: Original attachment, levied on land. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this state—it is therefore ordered, that publicatton be made in the Western Carolinian for three months, that unless the defendant comes forward before the 2nd Monday of September next, and replevy and plead, that judgment will be entered, pro confesso, and property levied upon will be condemned to the plaintiff's recovery.

By order, MATTHEW R. MOORE, c. c.

Price adv. $4. it'25

State of North-Carolina,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY.

AT a Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May session, 1824; Robert Black against William Hartt: original attachment, levied on 80 or 90 acres of land. It appearing to the court, that the defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made six weeks in the Western Carolinian, that the defendant appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county aforesaid, at the court-house in Charlotte, on the 4th Monday in August next, to replevy, plead, or demur, otherwise judgment final will be entered against him, and execution awarded accordingly. 6it'18

Test: ISAAC ALEXANDER, c. m. c.

State of North-Carolina,

CABARRUS COUNTY.

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, April Term, 1824: Caleb P. Alexander, *versus* James Pickens; original attachment, levied on lands, &c. It appearing to the court that the defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made three months in the *Western Carolinian*, giving notice to said defendant to appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for said county, at the court-house in Concord, on the third Monday of July next, to replevy, plead, or demur, otherwise judgment final will be entered against him, and execution awarded accordingly.

Test: DANIEL COLEMAN, c. c. c.

Price adv. $4. it'16

State of North-Carolina,

WILKES COUNTY.

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term, 1824: James Irwin *vs.* John M'Cord; original attachment, levied on two tracts of land. It appearing to the court that the defendant lives out of this state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made for three months in the Western Carolinian, that the defendant, appear at the next county court to be held for the county of Wilkes, at the court-house in Wilkesboro', on the first Monday in August next, and replevy and plead to issue, or judgment will be entered against him for plantiff's demand. it'18r

Test: R. MARTIN, c. w. c. c.

State of North-Carolina,

BURKE COUNTY.

IN Equity, March term, A. D. 1824. Merrit Burgin, *vs.* Phillip Goodbread. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Phillip Goodbread does not reside within the limits of this State, it is therefore ordered that publication be made for three months successively in the Western Carolinian, that unless the said Phillip Goodbread appear at the next court of Equity to be held for the county of Burke, at the court-house in Morganton, on the 4th Monday of September next, then and there to plead, answer or demur, judgment, pro confesso, will be taken, and the same be heard ex parte.

S. S. ERWIN, c. m. e.

Price adv. $4. 13it'22

State of North-Carolina,

IREDELL COUNTY.

COURT of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May term, 1824. John Nesbit, *vs.* Charles D. Conner; Orriginal attachment, returned, &c. It is ordered by the court, that the defendant, (who is not an inhabitant of this State) file his answer on or before the next term of this court, to be held for the county aforesaid, at the court-house in Statesville, on the third Monday in August next, otherwise the plaintiff will be heard ex parte, and have judgment pro confesso. It is further ordered, that this notice be published for three months in the Western Carolinian. Test: R. SIMONTON, *Clk.*

Price adv. $4. it'23

State of North-Carolina,

ASHE COUNTY.

MORRIS BAKER, *vs.* Alexander Johnson, bill in Equity. Whereas, it appears by the affidavit of Morris Baker, relict of Jeremiah Baker, dec'd. James Baker, Reuben Baker, Lucy Ann Baker, Seeberry Baker, Nancy Baker, and Jeremiah Baker, infants and heirs at law of the aforesaid Jeremiah Baker, dec'd., are inhabitants of another state, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Western Carolinian, published in Salisbury, for six weeks, for the aforesaid parties to appear and answer, plead or demur, or judgment, pro confesso, will be taken against them, and the cause heard ex parte. Witness James Hathorn, clerk of the court of Equity, for the county and state aforesaid, March term, 1824.

JAMES HATHORN, c. & m. e.

Price adv. $2 50. it'14

UNITED STATES' LAWS.

AN Act granting a tract of land to the inhabitants of the Parish of Point Coupee, on certain conditions.

BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the right of the United States, to a tract of land, forty arpens front, upon the Mississippi river, and running back the depth of forty arpens, at a remarkable bend on said river, be, and the same is hereby, granted to the inhabitants of the Parish of Point Coupee, within which said land is situated, on condition that said Parish shall, at all times, hereafter, keep a good and sufficient levee, in front of their lands, at the river Mississippi; to keep up such good and sufficient levee, the land shall revert to the United States.

H. CLAY,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
DANIEL D. TOMPKINS,
Vice President of the U. States and President of the Senate.

Washington, May 26, 1824.

Approved: JAMES MONROE.

AN act making appropriations for deepening the Channel leading into the harbor of Presque Isle, and for repairing Plymouth Beach.

BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the following sums of money be, and the same are hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, and placed at the disposition of the United States, for the purpose of accomplishing the objects hereinafter mentioned, to wit: the deepening the channel, leading into the harbor of Presque Isle, in the state of Pennsylvania; and the sum of twenty thousand dollars, to repair Plymouth Beach, in the state of Massachusetts, and thereby prevent the harbor, at that place, being destroyed.

Approved: *Washington, May* 26, 1824.

AN act to allow a salary to the Collectors of the District of Nantucket and Pensacola, and to abolish the office of Surveyor of the District of Pensacola.

BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That from and after the passage of this act, the following annual salaries be, and the same are hereby, allowed, to wit: To the Collector of the Port of Entry for the District of Nantucket, in the state of Massachusetts, the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars; and to the Collector of the Port of Entry for the District of Pensacola, in the territory of Florida, the sum of five hundred dollars.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That, from and after the thirtieth day of June next, the office of Surveyor of the Port of Entry for the District of Pensacola, in the territory abovementioned, be, and the same is hereby, abolished.

Approved: *Washington, May* 26, 1824.

An Act to alter the Judicial Districts of Pennsylvania, and for other purposes.

BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the following counties in the state of Pennsylvania shall cease to be a part of the Eastern Judicial District of Pennsylvania, and shall be added to, and form a part of, the Western District; that is to say: Susquehanna, Bradford, Tioga, Union, Northumberland, Columbia, Luzerne, and Lycoming: and that, besides the terms of the District Court directed by law to be held at *Pittsburg*, for the Western District the Judge of said Western district shall hold two terms in every year, at William's *Port* in the county of Lycoming, which shall commence on the first Mondays of the months of June and October, in each and every year, beginning in October next, and be continued and adjourned from time to time, as the Court may deem expedient for the despatch of the business thereof.

Approved: *Washington, May* 26, 1824.

AN act supplementary to "An act providing for the examination of titles to land in that part of the state of Louisiana situated between the Rio Hondo and the Sabine rivers."

BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the powers given to, and duties required of, the Register and Receiver of the Land Office south of Red River, in the state of Louisiana, by the act of the 3d of March, eighteen hundred and twenty-three, entitled "An act providing for the examination of the titles to land in that part of the state of Louisiana situated between Rio Hondo and the Sabine rivers," be extended to all that tract of country known and called by the name of "The Neutral Territory," lying east of the present western boundary of Louisiana, and west of the limits to which the Land Commissioners have heretofore examined titles and claims to land in said state; and in the examination of claims to land within the aforesaid limits, the Register and Receiver shall, in all respects, be governed by the provisions of the aforesaid act.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the Register and Receiver of said Land Office shall, severally, receive, as a full compensation for the duties required of them by this act, the sum of two hundred dollars, whenever they shall have finished the business required to be performed by them, by this act, and the act to which this is a supplement, and have forwarded their reports to the Secretary of the Treasury.

Approved: Washington, May 26, 1824.

AN act making an appropriation for the use of the Library of Congress, and for furnishing rooms in the Capitol.

BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the sum of five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any unappropriated money in the Treasury, for the purchase of books, under the direction of the Joint Library Committee, for the use of the Library of Congress.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the sum of [illegible] be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any unappropriated money in the Treasury, for the purchase of furniture for the new Library.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the sum of three thousand two hundred and eighty-nine dollars and fifty cents be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, for furnishing the rooms in the centre building of the Capitol, under the direction of the Commissioners of the Public Buildings.

Approved: *Washington, May* 26, 1824.

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